



# Automating Open Source Hardware Lightning with Home Assistant and MQTT

Leon Anavi, Senior Software Engineer, Konsulko Group

leon.anavi@konsulko.com leon@anavi.org









# **Konsulko Group**

- Services company specializing in Embedded Linux and Open Source Software
- Hardware/software build, design, development, and training services
- Based in San Jose, CA with an engineering presence worldwide

http://konsulko.com/







# Agenda

- Combining open source hardware with free and open source software for smart lightning
- Designing PCB with KiCAD
- Home Assistant
- MQTT
- Q&A







## **Open Source Hardware**

- Design of physical objects that is publicly available so that anyone can study, modify, distribute, make, and sell the design or hardware based on that design
- Copyleft (like Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike, GPL, OHL) or permissive licenses (like MIT)
- The Open Source Hardware Association (OSHWA) maintains the Open Source Hardware certification







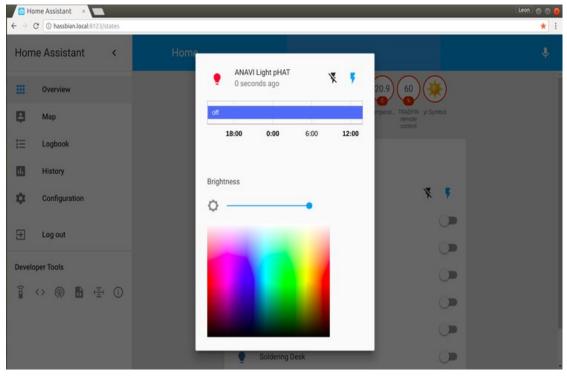
How difficult is it to create smart lightning solution that combines open source hardware with free and open source software?







#### **DEMO**











## **Required Hardware**

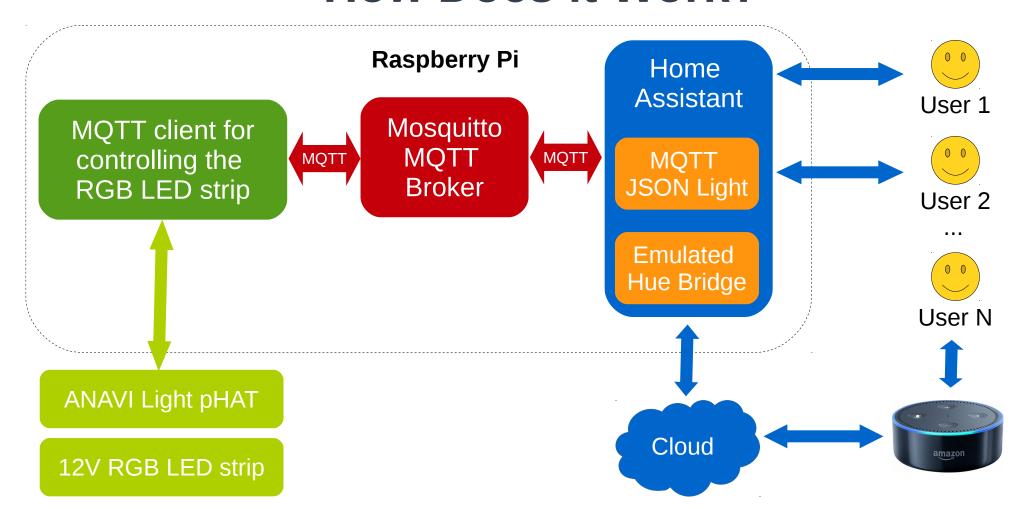
- Raspberry Pi 3 (or any other model and version with 40 pin header)
- ANAVI Light pHAT
- 12V 5050 RGB LED strip
- 12V power supply with 5.5\*2.1mm DC jack
- 5V microUSB charger
- Amazon Echo Dot 2nd generation







#### **How Does it Work?**











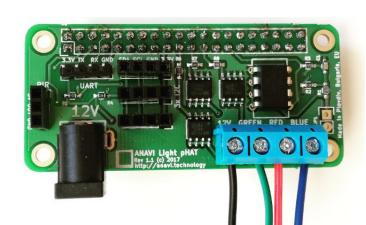






# **ANAVI Light pHAT**

- Raspberry Pi add-on board for controlling 12V RGB LED strip
- Compatible with any model and version of Raspberry Pi with 40 pin header
- Supports PIR motion sensor and up to 3 I2C sensor modules
- Open source hardware (CC BY-SA 4.0 license) designed with KiCAD EDA
- Schematics: https://github.com/AnaviTechnology/anavi-light
- Crowdfunding: https://www.crowdsupply.com/anavi-technology/light-phat









#### **Supported Sensors**

- BH1750 I2C sensor module for ambient light intensity (Lux)
- HTU21D I2C sensor module for temperature and humidity
- APDS-9960 I2C sensor module for RGB color and gesture detection
- BMP180 I2C sensor module for temperature and barometric pressure
- PIR motion sensor
- Examples:
   https://github.com/AnaviTechnology/anavi-examples/tree/master/sensors









## **Designing PCB with KiCAD EDA**

- Free & open source software (GNU GPLv3)
- Cross platform (works on GNU/Linux distributions, MS Windows and Mac OS X)
- Supports PCB with multiple layers and integrated 3D viewer
- Contributions from CERN developers
- Already well adopted by the industry
- Written in C++, source in Git repositories
- http://kicad-pcb.org/

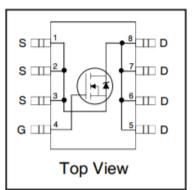


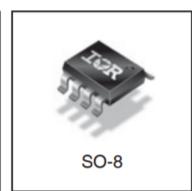


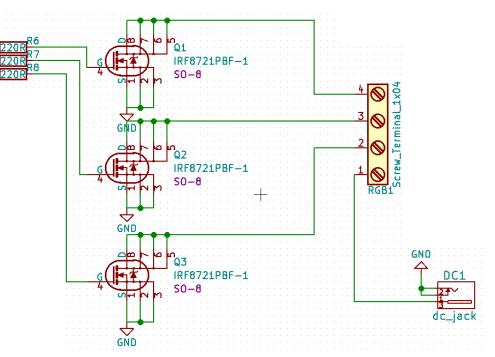


# Wiring 12V RGB 5050 LED Strip

- 30V Single N-Channel HEXFET Power MOSFET IRF8721PbF per each color
- Packed in SO-8 for SMT
- 12V Power supply for the LED strip
- Pulse-width modulation (PWM) to set a color from 16 777 216 (2563) possible combinations through the 3 main colors: red, green and blue





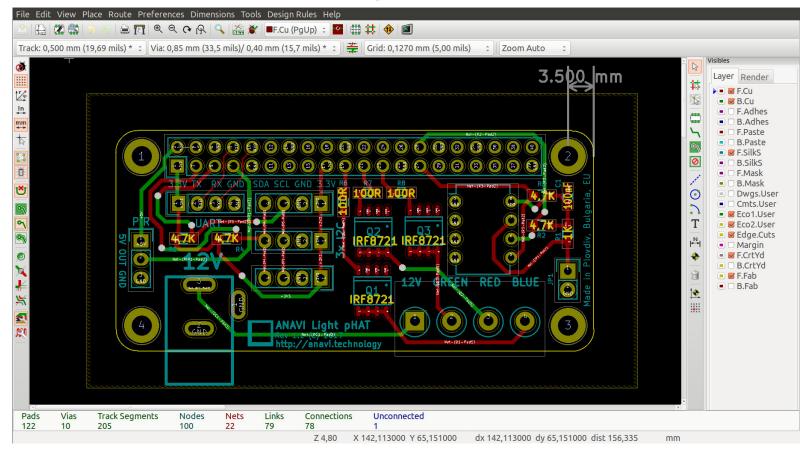








# The PCB for ANAVI Light pHAT in KiCAD



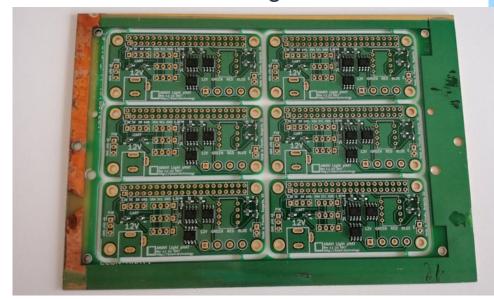


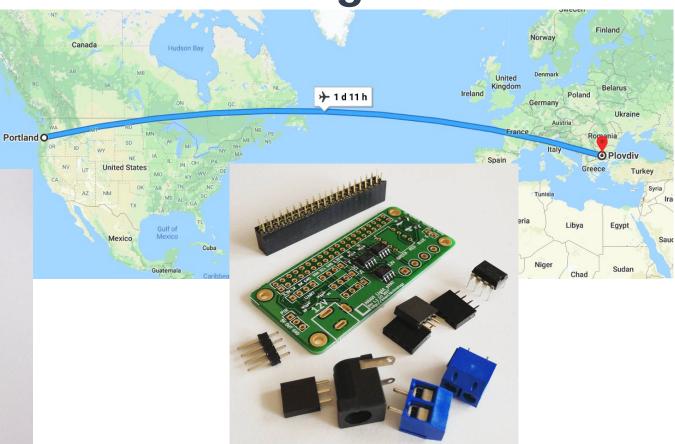




## **Low Volume Hardware Manufacturing**

- Panel with printed circuit boards (PCB)
- SMT and THT assembly
- Made in Plovdiv, Bulgaria











#### **Home Assistant**



- Open-source home automation platform running on Python 3 started in 2013 by Paulus Schoutsen
- Perfect to run on a Raspberry Pi
- More than 950 components for integration with popular Internet of Things such as IKEA Trådfri, Philips Hue, Google Assistant, Alexa / Amazon Echo, Nest, KODI, etc.
- Huge community, more than 830 contributors
- Source code available at GitHub under Apache 2.0 license
- https://home-assistant.io/







# **Home Assistant on Raspberry Pi**

#### Hass.io

An operating system based on ResinOS and Docker for running Home Assistant. Started by Pascal Vizeli in 2017. Compatible with Raspberry Pi, Intel NUC or generic Linux servers.

#### Hassbian (used for the demo)

GNU/Linux distribution for Raspberry Pi with Home Assistant based on Raspbian that uses the same repositories.







## **MQTT**

- Lightweight publish/subscribe machine-to-machine protocol on top of TCP/IP
- Near real-time communication
- Message broker
- Small source code footprint for embedded devices
- Open source MQTT brokers: Mosquitto, HiveMQ, Mosca, emqttd, etc.

http://mqtt.org/







# Mosquitto

- Open source MQTT broker implemented in the C programming language
- Supports MQTT protocol version 3.1 and 3.1.1
- Supports web sockets
- Available for all popular GNU/Linux distributions, Windows, FreeBSD and Mac
- Project of iot.eclipse.com

https://mosquitto.org/







#### Installing Mosquitto on Hassbian

 Script hassbian-config simplifies the installation of the latest version of the Mosquitto package from the official repository:

sudo hassbian-config install mosquitto

- Configure client authentication in Mosquitto using a username and password (optional but highly recommended)
- Set the MQTT broker in configuration.yaml for Home Assistant

mqtt:

discovery: true

broker: hassbian.local

port: 1883







#### anavid

- Open source Linux daemon application written C for managing ANAVI Light pHAT on Raspberry Pi through MQTT
- Supports the format of MQTT JSON Light component of Home Assistant
- Uses Paho MQTT C library for implementation of MQTT client
- Uses PiGPIO library for PWM control of the RGB LED strip
- Uses WiringPi library for retrieving data from the supported I2C sensor modules
- Available at GitHub under GNU General Public License v3.0:
- https://github.com/AnaviTechnology/anavid







## **Installing anavid**

- Building from source
   git clone https://github.com/AnaviTechnology/anavid.git
   cd anavid
   make
   sudo make install
- Using deb package (created with debuild)
   sudo dpkg -i anavi\_0.0.1\_armhf.deb
- Configurations stored at /etc/anavilight.ini







## **Eclipse Paho Project**

- Provides open-source client implementations of MQTT and MQTT-SN messaging protocols
- Supports various programming language: C, C++, Java, JavaScript, Python, Go, Rust, C#
- Project of the Eclipse Foundation
- anavid uses Paho MQTT C client for Posix and Windows:

```
MQTTClient_create(&client, config.address, config.clientId, MQTTCLIENT_PERSISTENCE_NONE, NULL);
```

MQTTClient\_setCallbacks(client, NULL, connlost, msgarrvd, delivered);

MQTTClient\_publishMessage(client, mqttTopic, &pubmsg, &token);







## The piGPIO Library

- Written in the C programming language
- The pigpio daemon offers a socket and pipe interface to the underlying C library
- Source code at GitHub: https://github.com/joan2937/pigpio
- Used by anavid for controlling the color of the RGB LED strip through software PWM:

```
cmdCmd_t cmd;
cmd.cmd = PI_CMD_PWM;
cmd.p1 = pin;
cmd.p2 = value;
cmd.p3 = 0;
send(sock, &cmd, sizeof(cmdCmd_t), 0)
...
recv(sock, &cmd, sizeof(cmdCmd_t), MSG_WAITALL)
```







# **Systemd**

- Init system in Linux distributions
- Runs as PID 1 and starts the rest of the system
- anavi systemd service:

#### [Unit]

Description=ANAVI Daemon Service

After=pigpio.service

Requires=pigpio.service

#### [Service]

Type=simple

ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/anavid

Restart=on-failure

RestartSec=10

#### [Install]

WantedBy=multi-user.target







#### Managing anavi.service

- Enable systemd service at launch of Raspberry Pi:
  - sudo systemctl enable anavi
- Start the systemd service:
   sudo systemctl start anavi
- Stop the systemd service:
   sudo systemctl stop anavi
- Check the status of the service:
   sudo systemctl status -l anavi
- See all log messages:
   sudo journalctl -u anavi







#### **Machine ID**

- Unique machine ID of the local system that is initialized by systemdmachine-id-setup during installation or boot
- Stored at at single newline-terminated, hexadecimal, 32-character, lowercase text at /etc/machine-id
- Used by anavid as MD5 hash in MQTT topics to identify different devices
- For details visit: https://www.freedesktop.org/software/systemd/man/machine-id.html







# **MQTT JSON Light Component**

- Home Assistant component for controlling a MQTT-enabled light that can receive JSON messages
- https://home-assistant.io/components/light.mqtt\_json/
- Example configuration for ANAVI Light pHAT, where YOURMACHINEID should match /etc/machine-id:

#### light:

platform: mqtt\_json

name: "ANAVI Light pHAT"

command\_topic: "YOURMACHINEID/action/rgbled"

brightness: true

rgb: true







#### **MQTT JSON Light Messages**

MQTT topic:

#### <mD5 OF YOUR MACHINE ID>/action/rgbled

Setting brightness in range from 0 to 255:

```
{
    "brightness": 255
}
```

 Setting specific color in RGB color model in range from 0 to 255 for each LED, for example pink:

```
{
    "red": 255,
    "green": 20,
    "blue": 147
}
```







# **Integration with Alexa and Amazon Echo**

- Home assistant is compatible with Alexa and Amazon Echo
- Basic integration using the Emulated Hue Bridge component of Home Assistant
- Emulated Hue Bridge allows non-Philips Hue devices to be controlled though with voice the built-in support of Amazon Echo

emulated\_hue: type: alexa

expose\_by\_default: true









## **Simple Voice Control with Alexa**

• Example voice commands for MQTT JSON Light component configured with name "ANAVI Light pHAT" in configuration.yaml:



Alexa, turn **ON** ANAVI Light pHAT

Alexa, turn **OFF** ANAVI Light pHAT







## **ANAVI Light Controller**

 Low cost alternative as a standalone embedded device for controlling 12V RGB LED strip with ESP8266 WiFi microcontroller (work in progress)

Open source hardware designed in KiCAD EDA and software powered by ESP8266

core for Arduino



https://github.com/AnaviTechnology/anavi-light-controller







# Software for ANAVI Light Controller

- Flashing through UART to USB debug cable and by holding the button connected to GPIO0 at boot time
- Relies on ESP8266 core for Arduino and depends on the libraries WiFiManager, PubSubClient and ArduinoJson
- Gets chip ID as a 32-bit integer from the ESP-specific API ESP.getChipId()
- Software defined PWN using analogWrite() with default frequency of 1kHz







## Comparison

	ANAVI Light pHAT	ANAVI Light Controller
12V RGB LED	Yes	Yes
WiFi	<b>Yes</b> (through Raspberry Pi)	Yes
Open Source Hardware	Yes	Yes
Slots for I2C sensors	3	3
PIR motion sensor	Yes	No
Stand-alone	<b>No</b> (requires Raspberry Pi with 40 pin header)	<b>Yes</b> (with built-in ESP8266 module)
Power Supply	12V 5.5*2.1 DC jack + 5V microUSB for Raspberry Pi	12V 5.5*2.1 DC jack







#### **Conclusions**

- Combining open source hardware with free and open source software brings value to the community as it allows anyone to study, modify, make and improve the design
- The integration of new embedded devices through the MQTT JSON Light component in Home Assistant is straight-forward
- Further efforts are needed to make the proposed open source solution for smart lightning more secure, user-friendly and easier to setup for non-technical users
- Using microcontrollers with WiFi, like ESP8266, significantly reduces the cost of the smart lightning







#### **Useful Links**

- https://home-assistant.io/
- http://mqtt.org/
- https://mosquitto.org/
- https://www.eclipse.org/paho/
- https://www.linux.com/news/home-assistant-python-approach-home-automation-video
- http://abyz.me.uk/rpi/pigpio/
- http://esp8266.github.io/Arduino/
- https://github.com/AnaviTechnology/
- https://www.crowdsupply.com/anavi-technology/light-phat

